Roundout Restorations

Keys to the Success of Perpetually Protected Wetlands

What is a Roundout?

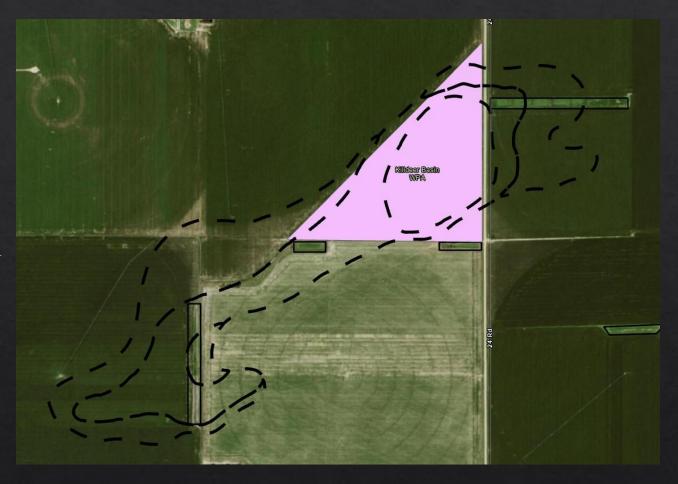
- ♦ 512 wetland footprints in the Rainwater Basin region total 51,574 acres
 - ♦ Fee titles and easements
 - ♦ Of those footprints, 28,378 acres are perpetually protected and 23,100 acres (44.8%) are not under ownership or easements



- Why are roundouts important to the agencies?
 - ♦ Inability to pond water across hydric soils in dry years through pumping

OR

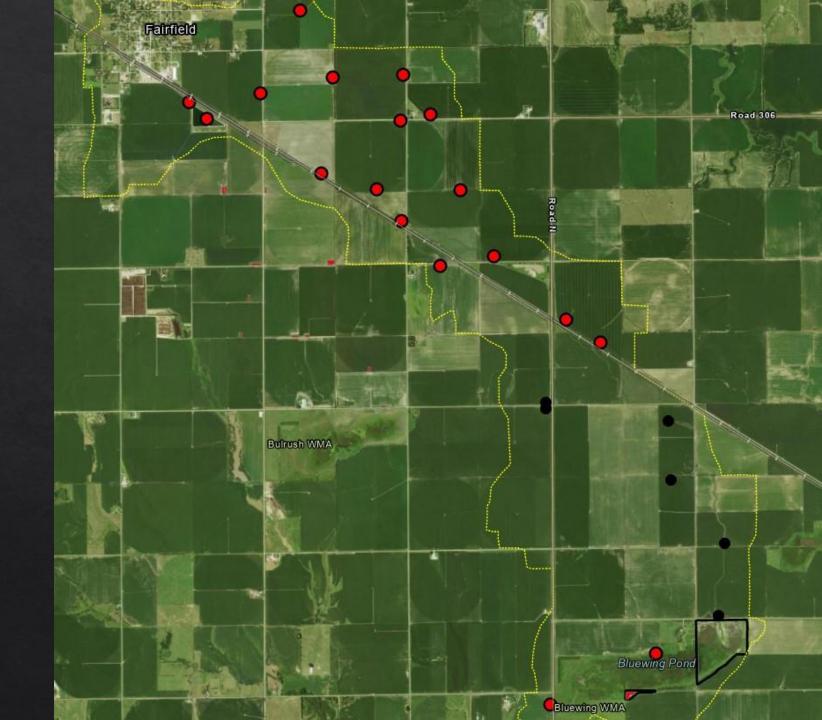
- Landowner has a hydrologic modification that prevents water from getting to the wetland
- ♦ Limits management if adjacent landowner is unwilling to participate in management actions which reduce invasive species (spraying, burning)





The Watershed

- ♦ 23 pits in watershed
 - ♦ 44.2 acre feet captured by irrigation reuse pits
 - ♦ 276 acre feet captured by large pit dug to create the overpass
- ♦ No grass/buffer
- ♦ Follow the water



Background

♦ Soils, elevations, function





Phase I Tree Removal

Cottonwoods

- ♦ Fastest growing native tree in North America
- ♦ Fire and grazing would have limited cottonwoods on the landscape
- Can consume (depending on size) 50 to 200 gallons of water every day
- ♦ Considerations for removal
- ♦ Pile, burn, and bury in the uplands
- ♦ 48 acres



Then It Rained.....







Phase II Excavation

- Matched the excavation with the elevations we wanted to see
 - What does the vegetation say
 - What do the soils say
 - Existing elevations vs cut-to elevations
- ~38,712 cubic yards

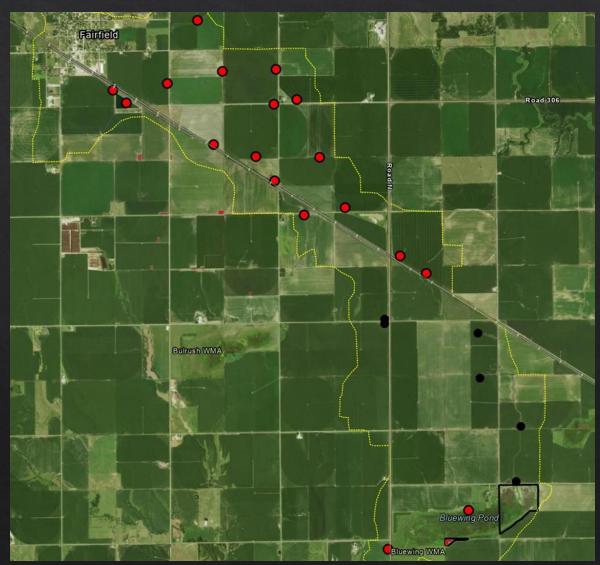


Voila!

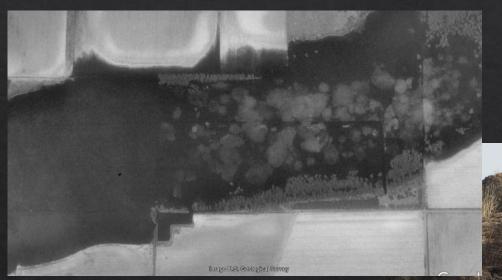


Phase III Watershed Restorations

- ♦ It's a lot of dirt
- ♦ Pits in the hydric soils first
- Upland pits second



Priority Pit Fill #1

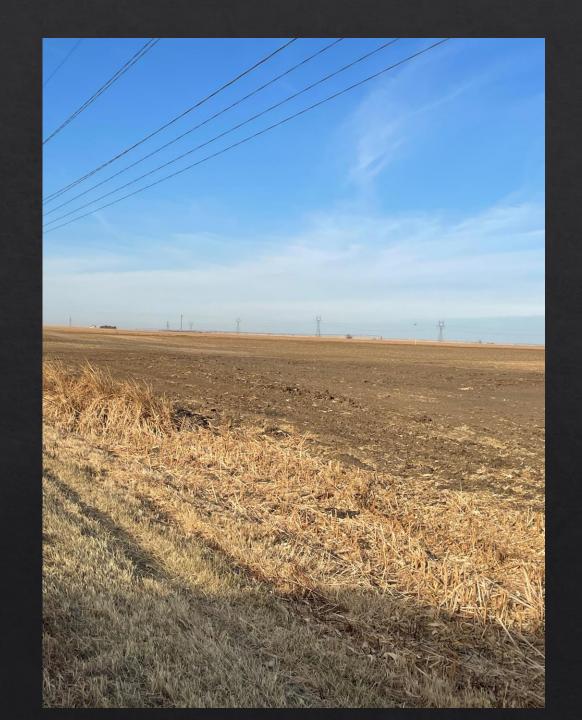


- 13,000 cubic yards (includes 25% overfill)
- Storage capacity: 6.5 acre feet of water



Priority Pit Fill #2

- ♦ 3,000 cubic yards (includes 25% overfill)
- ♦ Storage Capacity: 1.5 acre feet of water



Upland Pit Fills

- ♦ 3 planned in the immediate future
- ♦ Remaining spoil will be removed by adjacent private landowner for his pits that aren't in the watershed (private cost)

Phase IV Fence and Well Development

- 7,600 linear feet of fence installation
- Livestock watering facility



Project Costs

Tree Removal	\$39,200.00
Excavation	\$62,520.75
Pit Fill #1	\$49,250.00
Pit Fill #2	\$11,622.50
Grazing Infrastructure	\$45,578.96
Total	\$208,172.21

Special thanks to the Schrock Family









Questions?

